

B01001C. SEX BY AGE (AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE) - Universe:
 AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE POPULATION
 Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey
 Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the [official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns](#) and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Alaska		
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	88,026	+/-2,936
Male:	43,279	+/-1,887
Under 5 years	3,946	+/-429
5 to 9 years	3,781	+/-547
10 to 14 years	3,845	+/-556
15 to 17 years	2,728	+/-456
18 and 19 years	2,332	+/-796
20 to 24 years	3,869	+/-823
25 to 29 years	2,345	+/-601
30 to 34 years	2,204	+/-422
35 to 44 years	6,317	+/-951
45 to 54 years	6,049	+/-578
55 to 64 years	3,417	+/-511
65 to 74 years	1,898	+/-337
75 to 84 years	479	+/-125
85 years and over	69	+/-61
Female:	44,747	+/-1,919
Under 5 years	3,102	+/-338
5 to 9 years	3,181	+/-555
10 to 14 years	3,606	+/-475
15 to 17 years	2,987	+/-602
18 and 19 years	2,418	+/-945
20 to 24 years	3,591	+/-655
25 to 29 years	2,964	+/-523
30 to 34 years	2,533	+/-423
35 to 44 years	7,364	+/-805
45 to 54 years	5,250	+/-599
55 to 64 years	3,700	+/-378
65 to 74 years	2,244	+/-472
75 to 84 years	1,457	+/-451
85 years and over	350	+/-186

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:
[2006 Accuracy of the Data](#)